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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/088,598	03/21/2002	Akio Yamane	2002-0401A	6872
513 75	90 03/01/2004		EXAM	INER
WENDEROTH, LIND & PONACK, L.L.P. 2033 K STREET N. W. SUITE 800			SAKELARIS, SALLY A	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON	N, DC 20006-1021		1634	
			DATE MAILED: 03/01/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s) YAMANE, AKIO	
	10/088,598		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Sally A Sakelaris	1634	
The MAILING DATE of this communication	n appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address	
Period for Reply			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicati  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a roon. , a reply within the statutory minimum of thir period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON statute, cause the application to become AB	reply be timely filed  ty (30) days will be considered timely.  NTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	21 March 2002	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
<del>, _</del> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for al		ters, prosecution as to the merits is	
closed in accordance with the practice un	·	/ · •	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are pending in the applica	tion	•	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	indrawn from consideration.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	and/or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Exa	·		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· ·	
Applicant may not request that any objection t			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the c			
Trim the dath of declaration is objected to by the	ne Examiner. Note the attached	d Office Action of form P10-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•		
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo	reign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a) All b) Some * c) None of:			
1. Certified copies of the priority docu	ments have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority docu			
<ol><li>Copies of the certified copies of the</li></ol>		received in this National Stage	
application from the International B	ureau (PCT Rule 17 2(a))		

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 21 March 2002.

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)

Attachment(s)

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

6) Other: \_\_\_\_\_

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## DETAILED ACTION

## Priority

Acknowledgement of claim to foreign priority of Japanese Application, 11/268745, filed 9/22/1999 under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d) has been made, however applicant should note that the certified copy and translation of this foreign priority document has not yet been received and as a result the claim to foreign priority under the same has not yet been granted.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 1. Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Livak et al.(US Patent 5,723,591)

With regard to claim 1, Livak et al. teach a probe comprising a nucleic acid carrying a labeling substance that releases energy and an energy-absorbing substance capable of absorbing the energy(quencher) released from the labeling substance, wherein energy transfer from the labeling substance to the energy-absorbing substance is intercepted by the hybridization of the probe with a target nucleic acid, in their teaching of an oligonucleotide probe "which includes a fluorescent reporter molecule and a quencher molecule capable of quenching the fluorescence of the reporter molecule" (abstract and for example Figure 1 and claim 1). The reference goes on to

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teach that "the oligonucleotide probe is constructed such that the probe exists in at least one single-stranded conformation when unhybridized where the quencher molecule is near enough to the reporter molecule to quench the fluorescence of the reporter molecule". "The oligonucleotide probe also exists in at least one conformation when hybridized to a target polynucleotide where the quencher molecule is not positioned close enough to the reporter molecule to quench the fluorescence of the reporter molecule" (Abstract).

With regard to claim 2, Livak et al. teach that "the reporter molecule and quencher molecule are positioned on the probe sufficiently close to each other such that whenever the reporter molecule is excited, the energy of the excited state nonradiatively transfers to the quencher molecule where it either dissipates nonradiatively or is emitted at a different emission frequency than that of the reporter molecule" (Col. 3 lines 3-8).

With regard to claim 3, Livak et al. teach that the labeling substance is a fluorescent substance and "may be selected from xanthene dyes, including fluoresceins, and rhodamine dyes" (Col. 11 lines 22-23).

With regard to claims 4 and 5 Livak et al. teach that the energy absorbing(quencher) is an intercalator or a substance which specifically binds to a double stranded nucleic acid, in Col. 11 in their teachings of exemplary reporter-quencher pairs and dyes including acridines like acridine orange, "pyrenes and the like"(lines 33-35).

With regard to claim 6, Livak et al. teach that the labeling substance "may be selected from xanthene dyes, including fluoresceins, and rhodamine dyes" (Col. 11 lines 22-23). While Livak et al. also teach that the energy absorbing (quencher) may be selected from another group

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of fluorescent compounds including acridines like acridine orange, "pyrenes and the like" (lines 33-35).

With regard to claim 7, Livak et al. teach "according to one embodiment of the method, the hybridization probe is immobilized on a solid support" (Col. 8, lines 38-50). "The oligonucleotide probe is contacted with a sample of nucleic acids under conditions favorable for hybridization". "The fluorescence signal of the reporter molecule is measured before and after being contacted with the sample. Since the reporter molecule on the probe exhibits a greater fluorescence signal when hybridized to a target sequence, an increase in the fluorescence signal after the probe is contacted with the sample indicates the hybridization of the probe to target sequences in the sample". "Immobilization of the hybridization probe to the solid support enables the target sequence hybridized to the probe to be readily isolated from the sample" (Col. 8 and claim 16).

With regard to claims 8 and 9, as stated above, Livak et al. teach that "the present invention relates to the use of the oligonucleotide probe as a hybridization probe to detect target polynucleotides" (Col. 5 lines 39-60). Further that "quantification of the change in fluorescence intensity as a result of the probe being contacted with the sample can be used to quantify the amount of target sequences present in the sample" (Col. 5 lines 55-58).

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sally A Sakelaris whose telephone number is 571-272-0748. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Fri, 9-6:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gary Benzion can be reached on 571-272-0782. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Sally Sakelaris

2/26/2004

JEFFREY FREDMAN
PRIMARY EXAMINER